Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

NUMBER 2092.] PHILADELPHIA: TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 4, 1799. [VOLUME XV.

☞ *The price of this Gazette is Eight Dollars per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one Dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in Advance.*

The British Letter-of-Marque

NIGER,

For KINGSTON, (Jam.)

Now ready to take her cargo on board, can receive some freight. For terms apply to ROSS & SIMSON.

may 15 §

SHIP BROKER'S OFFICE,

And Commission Store,

No. 129, SOUTH FRONT STREET,

Next door to the Custom House.

THE Subscriber, encouraged by the advice of his friends, offers his service to the public as a Ship and Insurance Broker.——He proposes to buy and sell vessels and every thing relating thereto—assist masters of vessels and others in entering and clearing at the Custom-House, procuring and shipping freight, settling Insurance and all other mercantile accounts, and have on hand the necessary Blanks and Stamps.

Papers in foreign languages translated, and information given in general mercantile matters. —From a knowledge gained by long experience of every branch of business he hopes to be useful to those who please to favor him with their commands. *SAMUEL EMERY.*

november 19 2aw

Now Landing from the ship Delaware, from Canton and for sale by the Subscribers.

Hyson, Hyson Skin, Young Hyson, & Souchong, } TEAS.

Canton and Garden Fans,
Nankeens,
China Ware, assorted.
Umbrellas 13 to 30 inches,
Silk Handkerchiefs,
Hair Ribbons and Sewing Silks.

They have also remaining on Hand

Black Persians, Choppa and Pullicat Romalls, And a general assortment of Dry Goods as usual.

Thomas & Joshua Fisher.

4th mo 26 §

ROSS & SIMSON,

HAVE FOR SALE,

300 pieces 1st and 2d quality Ruffia Duck
100 pieces Ravens Duck (superior)
Boston Beef in Barrels,
A few bales Bengal } COSSAS HUMHUMS.
1100 bushels St Martins Salt.

april 11 §

The subscribers have on hand, and for sale at reduced prices, the following articles, viz.

Seventy Pipes London Particular Madeira Wine,

the vintage of '96, since when they have lain in a store well adapted to their improvement;
35 Chests of Young Hyson Tea;
An Invoice of well-assorted China—original cost between 8 and 900 dolls. in Canton.

HIGBEE & MILNOR.

march 21.

Just Received,

By the late arrivals from London and Hamburg, and for sale by the Subscribers,

89 tons best St. Petersburgh Hemp
599 pieces English Sailcloth
2 trunks, containing
Sattins
Ribbons
Silk Handkerchiefs
Persian and Gauze
3 cases fashionable Ladies' Hats, &c.
10 casks Brittles
8 bales Ticklenburgs, and
A few packages of
Dowlas
Creas a la Morlaix
Checks and Stripes
Bretagnes
25 Hhds Bourdeaux Brandy
10 pipes Spanish do
40 Hhds Bourdeaux Claret.

Erick & Lewis Boltmann.

No. 100 Spruce-street.

april 27. dtf

REMOVAL.

ROBERT COE & SON,

HAVE REMOVED THEIR

Brush Manufactory and Ironmongery Store, to No. 175, Market Street, nearly opposite the Conestogoe Waggon, where they have for sale as usual, home manufactured and imported Brushes of almost every description, together with a general assortment of Ironmongery, Cutlery, Saddlery, and Brass wares, to which they expect by the spring vessels, an ample addition.

4th mo 10. eodtf

FOR SALE,

50,000 Acres of LAND,

LYING in the county of Russel, state of Virginia, bounded on the east by the river Clinch, on the south by the river Guest, and to the west by Sandy river. This tract (situate six miles from the Courthouse of the above county, 25 from the town of Abington, is well settled, and has likewise the advantage of a waggon road) is divided into tracts of 10, 5 and 1500 acres each, and will be sold, altogether, or in lots, as it may suit the purchasers, by one of the owners who will reside there during the months of May, June and July next, in order to put them who may become purchasers in possession.

The plots duly authenticated and certified by the surveyors, are in the hands of the subscribers. Every satisfaction will be given with respect to the right, to which the patents give full and ample testimony. Great accommodations will be made respecting payment, and every necessary information may be had, by applying to F. & A. TUBEUF.

Petersburg, Feb. 11. 2aw3m

Old French Brandy in large and small cases
100 boxes 7 by 9 & 8 by 10 Window Glass
20 chest pint & half pint Tumblers, assorted
226 whole & 6 half-tierces Rice,

FOR SALE BY

Gurney & Smith.

may 1, 1799 §

TO BE SOLD,

An Invoice of Woollens,

CONSISTING of Coarse and Fine Cloths,—principally Dark Blue, and printed Cassimeres ——Apply to

Owen & Jonathan Jones,
No. 151 Market-street.

april 29 §

NOTICE.

THE Following certificates of shares of the stock of the Bank of the United States have been lost or destroyed at sea, *to wit* 13 shares in the name of Peter Blight, of which 5 shares No 4185. 5 shares No 4186. and 3 shares No 4187, and 6 shares in the name of John Barker Church, No 2058. which were forwarded by the Countess of Leicester packet from Falmouth for New-York—and ten shares of said stock in the name of Stadnitski & Son, of Amsterdam, No 1796. which were forwarded by the Packet from Falmouth for New-York in November 1794; and for the renewal of which application is made at the said Bank, and all persons concerned are desired to take notice.

CLEMENT BIDDLE.

march 12 d3m

To be Let,

Near the corner of Market & Fourth streets,

A SPACIOUS

Back Store and a large Cellar,

Both well calculated for storing merchandize—Also a very good Stable and Coach-house for four horses. Enquire at

No. 6, North Fourth Street.

may 11 §

LAST NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the Estate of John McGrann, late of Caroline county, in the state of Maryland, deceased, are hereby requested to meet the subscriber in Denton, at Mr. Benjamin Dinney's, on the 3d Tuesday in May next, with their accounts properly attested, that there may be a dividend struck in said estate.—— All who neglect this notice will be after excluded,

SAMUEL LECOMPTE, administrator.

Caroline County, april 8th. 30 §

Lost or Mislaid,

A CERTIFICATE of one share of the Bank of the United States, No. 4933. in the name of Julia Wadsworth Knox, and for which, application is made at the Bank of the United States for the renewal of said certificate; and all persons concerned are desired to take notice. CLEMENT BIDDLE.

may 23 d3m

Lost, last evening,

A GREY-HOUND,

of the English breed;

HAS a brass collar round her neck with the name of Thomas Sterling on it; body quite white, except a small spot on her left side; each cheek of a dove colour; answers to the name of Dove. Whoever has taken her up, and will deliver her at the Indian Queen, shall be rewarded.

may 10 §

Notice.

A CERTIFICATE of one share of Bank of United States, stock standing in the name of DUGAS DE VALLON, having been lost or mislaid, application is made at the said Bank for renewal of the same; all persons concerned are desired to take notice.

Abraham Van Beuren.

march 20. d3m

Freight to be had.

THE Subscribers have 3000 bushels of SALT to ship to the Havanna or New-Orleans—Any person who will take it at a moderate freight will please apply at No. 95, North Water-street, to

PRATT & KINTZING.

Who have for Sale, 70 tons Hemp, 14 pipes choice Old Port Wine, Claret, Roll Brimstone, Havanna Segars, Demyjohns, Window Glass, Glue, Ticklenburghs and Oznabrigs, Checks, Stripes, &c. &c.

may 20 m & f 3w

NOTICE,

A Certificate of one share of Bank Pennsylvania stock, No. 725, in my name, having been lost or mislaid, application is made at the said Bank for renewal of the same; all persons concerned are desired to take notice.

JOHN VAUGHAN.

april 20 d6w

The creditors of the subscriber,

ARE requested to take notice that he has applied to the court of common pleas, for the county of Bucks, to extend to him the benefit of an act of the legislature of this state, passed the 4th of April, 1798, for the benefit of insolvent debtors, and the said court have appointed the 1st Monday in August next, to hear him and his creditors at the court house in the borough of Reading, in the county of Berks. JOHN MORROW.

Reading, May 18 (21) d3w

Last Notice.

THE Commissioners appointed for carrying into effect the Twenty-First Article of the Treaty of Friendship, Limits and Navigation, between his Catholic Majesty and the United States of America, hereby give notice to those persons whose claims have been filed in due time but who have not yet furnished the necessary documents, to produce the same at their office, on or before the seventeenth day of August next

By order of the Commissioners,

PETER LOHRA, secretary.

Philadelphia, May 15, 1799. d1m

NOTICE.

THE partnership of Joshua B. Bond, and John Brooks, trading under the firm of Bond & Brooks, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, all persons indebted to them, are requested to make immediate payment to Joshua B. Bond, and those having demands to present their accounts to him for settlement,

Joshua B. Bond.
John Brooks.

april 1 §

Pennsylvania Population Company.

Notice is hereby Given,

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS, that an assessment of Six Dollars is levied on each share, payable immediately, which they are requested to pay to the Treasurer of the Company, at the Company's Office. No. 53, North Fourth Street.

By order of the Board,

SOL. MARACHE, *Secretary.*

may 20. 3aw2w

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

May 29th, 1799.

THE proprietors of certificates issued for subscriptions to the Loan bearing interest at eight per centum per annum, are notified, that at any time after payment shall have been made of the 5th instalment, which will become due during the first ten days of the month of July ensuing, Certificates of Funded Stock may at their option be obtained at the Treasury or Loan Offices, respectively, for the amount of the four first instalments, or one moiety of the sums expressed in the subscription certificates:—No certificates of Funded Stock will however be issued for less than one hundred dollars.

Such subscription certificates as may be presented at the Treasury or Loan Offices in consequence of the foregoing arrangement, will be endorsed and distinctly marked so as to denote, that a moiety of the stock has been issued.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treasury.

To be Let,

A Store and Loft,

NEAR Market-street Wharf.—Enquire of the Subscriber,

GEO. DAVIS,
319 High-street.

feb 11 2awtf

MAIL COACHEES

Between PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE,

LEAVE Philadelphia every day, (Sunday excepted) at 8 o'clock, A. M. arrive at Baltimore the next day, by 11 o'clock, A. M.

Returning.

Leave Baltimore every day, (Sunday excepted) at 4 o'clock, A. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next day, by 9 o'clock, A. M.

Between NEW-YORK and PHILADELPHIA.

Leave Philadelphia every day (Sunday excepted(at 12 o'clock at noon, arrive at New-York the next morning, by 8 o'clock.

Returning.

Leave New-York every day (Sunday excepted) at one o'clock, P. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next morning, by 7 o'clock.

Seats in the Mail Coachees to be taken in New-York,

At Butman's Office, No. 5, Cortland-street.

In Philadelphia.

At Francis' Hotel, No. 13, south Fourth-street, and at the Franklin Inn, No. 59, north Second street.

In Baltimore.

At Evans' Tavern.

Fare for Passengers, 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to New-York, and 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to Baltimore.

All baggage over 14lb. weight, is carried at 5 cents per pound.

The Proprietors are not responsible for Baggage. LEVI PEASE,

Agent for the Public Line, from Philadelphia to Baltimore.

WARD, BROADHURST, JONES & Co.

Proprietors of the Mail Line, from Philadelphia to New-York.

General Post-Office, May 1. } §

WILLIAM COBBETT

HAS JUST PUBLISHED (PRICE 1 DOL. 50 CENTS)

THE

BAVIAD

AND

MÆVIAD.

By WILLIAM GIFFORD, ESQUIRE.

To which is prefixed,

A POETICAL EPISTLE TO THE AUTHOR
By an American Gentleman.

[In introducing this celebrated work to the Gentlemen and Ladies of America, I have endeavored to give it a dress proportioned to its distinguished merit, and to the taste of those for whose amusement and delight it is intended. No expence has been spared in the publication; and I flatter myself that the work does not yield, either in paper or print, to any one ever published in America.—— This edition has an advantage over some former ones, as it contains by way of notes, the minor productions of the author; and, it has an advantage over *every* other edition, in the *Poetical Epistle*, which is prefixed to it, and which must be extremely gratifying to every lover of literature in this country, as it is a proof that there are Americans who have the taste to admire, the justice to applaud, and the talents to rival the Geniuses of other nations.

☞ Some Copies have been sent on to *Mr. Somerville*, Maiden Lane, *New York*, also to *Mr. Hill, Baltimore*, and to *Mr. Young, Charleston.*

Copies will be sent to *Boston* and other places, as soon as occasions offer.]

may 28 §

JOHN MILLER, junr.

HAS REMOVED FROM NO. 8, CHESNUT,

To the Five Story Building, in Dock, near Third-street,

WHERE HE HAS FOR SALE,

300 Bales of Bengal Goods;

CONSISTING OF

COSSAS
Baftas
Mamoodies
Humhums
Taffaties
Striped Doreas
Calicoes
Handkerchiefs, *&c. &c.*

Also, a large assortment of

Madras Handkerchiefs,

of various descriptions.

January 1 1awtf

120 hhds. of sugar, and about 100,000 wt. coffee in casks and bags

Chosen from large quantities at Surinam, is just arrived in the ship Spy, Captain West,

And for sale by

Stephen Kingston,
No. 46, Walnut st.

Also—A few puncheons 4th proof

JAMAICA RUM, and some IRISH SAIL CANVASS.

may 25. oed6t

LONDON, January 2, 1799.

500 Guineas Reward.

LOST this evening, between five and six o'clock, in the neighbourhood of *Gracechurch street*, a BLACK CASE, containing the following

Bank Notes and Drafts,

with sundry Bills of Exchange, not due:

£1000	No. 1919,	dated 1 Dec.	1798
1000	864,	26 Nov.	Ditto
1000	284,	22 Dec.	Ditto
1000	1713,	27 Oct.	Ditto
1000	1714,	27 Ditto	Ditto

A Draft on Messr. Hankey and Co. £53 13s.
Ditto Dorien and Co. 367 7
Ditto Carnet and Co. 30 16
Ditto Stephenson and Co. 52 4
Ditto Rogers and Co. 33 16
Ditto Prescot and Co. 37 18
Ditto Harcourt and Co. 27 16
Ditto Smith, Payne and Co. 20 15
Ditto Dorien and Co. £45 7s 6d
Ditto Le Fevre & Co. 112 12 6
Ditto Ditto - - 820 0 0

A bill drawn on Fleming & Wake Bow Lane, by Fleming, & payable to Ormord, dated Nov. 5, two months after date, value £20.—One ditto on Fell, No 32 Old Change, by Hall, and payable to Smith, dated Nov. 30, at two months after date, for £121 19s—One ditto on Saywell & sons, Wood-street, by Ball, and payable to Braddock, dated Dec. 19, at two months, for £30.—One ditto on Eden, Wood-street, by Williams, payable to order, dated Nov. 1. at three months for £30 2s—One ditto on Neale & Co. St. Paul's Church Yard, by Adams, and payable to Kencorigh, dated Dec. 7th, at two months, for £14.—One ditto on Stewart, Red Cross Square, by Young, and payable to Marshall, dated Nov. 22, at two months, for £33. 2s. 9d.—One ditto on Royd's, Buklersbury, by Lord, and payable to Jackson, dated Dec. 3 at two months, for £18.—One ditto on Miller and Co. Gracechurch street, by Redway, and pryable to Hartley, dated Dec. 6, at two months for £50.—One ditto on Spitta & co. Lawrence Pountney Lane, by Lange, and payable to Hoyle dated Nov. 6, at two months, for £161.

Whoever may have found the above, and will bring them to Messrs. Atkinson & Robson, No. 2 West End of Royal Exchange, shall immediately receive *Five Hundred Guineas* Reward without any further Trouble.

N. B. No greater Reward will be offered, as payment of the whole is stopped, and the loss made known throughout this Country and Continent.

april 19 2aw2m

Delaware & Schuylkill Canal Office,
Philadelphia, May 9, 1799.

IN pursuance of a resolution of the president and managers of the Delaware and Schuylkill Canal Company, the Stock-holders are hereby notified and required to pay, on each of their respective shares, to the Treasurer of the Company, at the Company's Office in this city,

15 dollars on the 15th June next,
20 dollars on the 15th July next, and
20 dollars on the 15th August next.

Wm. GOVETT, Treasurer.

May 13. m&tu4w(dfr.12to15A)

TO LET,

THAT LARGE AND ELEGANT,

HOUSE,

No. 192, MARKET STREET,

Next door above the President's.——For terms Inquire of

ROBERT KID,
No. 201, Market Street.

may 22 eo1w

City Bridge Subscription.

THE President and Directors of the Company for erecting a permanent Bridge over the river Schuylkill, at or near the city of Philadelphia, having, at the time of their first publication, received subscriptions to near half the amount of the capital or joint stock thereof; suspended further solicitations until a site on which to erect said bridge should be procured.—That object being now effected, by a purchase of the necessary property at the west end of High street, on both sides of the river Schuylkill.

Public Notice is Given,

That the book for Subscriptions to the capital or joint stock of the said company will be opened at their office No. 23, north Fifth Street, on Monday the 10th of June next, and continue open from ten to one o'clock every day (Sunday's excepted) until the whole shall be subscribed for, on the terms specified in the act of incorporation.—

The time is extended in order to afford opportunity to the friends of this important undertaking, on the west side of Schuylkill, or at a distance, to participate in an object of great public good.—Subscriptions and deposits may nevertheless be previously made at the Treasurer's office, No. 13 Church alley, subject to a proportionate reduction on the amount of subscriptions over and above the limited number of shares, if any there shall be, at the end of the 13th day of June ensuing.

In the 10th section of the law of incorporation it is enacted, that the nett profits on tolls may equal, but shall not exceed 15 per cent annually; and that the excess shall compose a fund for the redemption of the said bridge.

A port folio is opened at the said office, to receive all communications, prints or drawings, on the subjects of bridges, ancient or modern, building in water, cements, mortar centres, caffoons coffer-dams, or any information which may tend to mature the knowledge of the directors previous to the intended erection: They are solicited, care will be taken of them, and returned if desired.

JOHN DORSEY, Secry pro tem.

Philadelphia, May 27th 1799 mwf 13J

Twenty-five Thousand Dollars

IS yet to let out for one year on good real estate, in this city and its vicinity, by mortgage. The title must be clear and the properties insured. Apply to

JOHN SHIELDS, Broker.
No. 22, Chesnut street.

☞ All kinds of Public Securities, Bills of Exchange, Notes, &c. &c. bought and sold on commission.

may 30 3aw1m

Notice is hereby given,

THAT application will be made to the Treasury of the United States, for the renewal of the following Certificates of six per cent. and Deferred funded Stock, standing in the following names, the property of JOHN CLARKE, Esq. of Yorkshire, in England; the said Certificates having been lost on board the Swallow Packet, captain Kidd, from Falmouth to New-York.

Dols.	*Cts.*	*No.*	
5000		12731	dated March 7th, 1795, Register Certificate in favor of John and Francis Baring & Co. London.
3621	66	15070	do. March 17th, 1797, do. in in favor Braunsberg Kluppel Faesch & Co of Amsterdam
413	21	14823	do. Dec. 3d, 1796, do. in favor of F. L. Braunsberg of Amsterdam
367	89	3536	do. March 15th, '96, do. in favor do do
898	36	14235	do. May 17th, '96, in favor of do do
387	37	14678	do. Sept. 9th, '96, in favor of do do
3367	5	13242	do, May 27th, '95, in favor of Frederick Lodewyk Braunsberg of Amsterdam
2711	8	3249	do. August 28th, '95, in favor of do do
2131	47	3305	do. July 23d, '95, in favor of do do
342	0	13860	do. Dec. 10th, '95, in favor of do do
298	22	3316	do. Aug. 28th, '95, in favor of do do
4000	0	13793	do. Nov. 16th, '95, in favor of John and Francis Baring & Co London.
1500	0	13237	do. May 27th, '95, in favor of do do
1600	0	13798	do. Nov. 16th, '95, in favor of do do
9376	66	11963	do. Apr. 24th, '97, Commissioner of Loans of New-York, in favor Jonathan Hoare of London
36,014.	97		6 per cent stock,

Dols.	*Cts.*	*No.*	
7997	93	1143	do. Mar. 2d, '93, Register Certificate to Herman Katencamp of Great Britain.
7000	0	5757	do. do do do do to do of do
1000	0	5883	do. Mar, 18th, '93, do to do of do
1500	0	1176	do. do do do do to do of do
12000	0	905	do. Oct. 9th, '92, do to John Warder & Co of London
700	43	952	do, Oct. 26th, '92, do to do of do
10783	33	6076	do. May 13th, '93, do to Stadnitski & Sonof Amsterdam
5000	0	6366	do. Aug. 6th, '93, do to Nicholas Van Staphorst of Amsterdam.
5000	0	6367	do. do do do do to do of do
8352	92	2868	do. May 16th, '95, Commissioner of Loans at New-York to Henry M. Bird of London,
4000	0	1717	do. Nov. 2d, '92, do to Philip Sansom of London
3618	69	1718	do. do do do do to do of do
2634	0	3968	do, Nov. 3d, '92, do to do of do
5000	0	1724	do. Nov. 6th, '92, do to do of do
74587	30		Deferred 6 per cent Stock.

WILLING'S & FRANCIS.

may 25 d3m

Notice is hereby given,

THAT application will be made to the Treasury of the United States for the renewal of the following certificates of 6 per cent funded stock the said certificates having been lost on board the Swallow Packet, captain Kidd, from Falmouth to New-York:

No. 3072, Signed Joseph Nourse, in favor of Samuel and Henry Waddington, dated February 11, 1795, for dollars 2000.

No. 2964, Signed Joseph Nourse, to William & Jan Willink, and Nicholas & Jacob Van Staphorst & Hubbard, agents for the United States at Amsterdam, dated January 31st, 1795 for 5000 dollars.

WILLING'S & FRANCIS.

may 25 d3m

FOR SALE,

At No. 246, High-street,

A Handsome Coach,

Coachee, Phaeton, & Pair of Horses,

Either separately or together.

Also—a handsome Narragansett Mare and Grey Horse, very easy gaited.

may 24 §

Valuable Lands for Sale.

ON Tuesday the 20th of August next, I shall expose to public sale, at the town of New-Market, in Dorchester county, all that valuable tract or parcel of land commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands, situated on the south side and binding on the Choptank river several miles, supposed to contain about six thousand acres, to be divided into lots to contain from 100 to 500 acres each: The terms of sale as follow, viz. Purchasers to give bond immediately after the sale with approved security, conditioned for the payment of the purchase money, with interest from the day of sale, in four equal annual instalments, agreeably to an act, entitled, "An act appointing commissioners to contract for and purchase the lands commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands in Dorchester county, and for appropriating the same to the use of this state, and to repeal the act of assembly therein mentioned;" passed at November session, 1798.

WM. MARBURY, Agent
for the state of Maryland.

april 19. d3m

☞ Three or four gentlemen may be accommodated with Board and Lodging, at Mrs. M'CREA'S, no. 29, north Eighth street.
may 30 th sa.mo. tf

UNITED STATES, } ss.
Pennsylvania District, }

BY virtue of a plories writ of vendition exponas to me directed by the honorable Richard Peters, esquire, Judge of the District Court of the United States in and for the Pennsylvania district, will be exposed to public sale at the Merchants' Coffee House, in the city of Philadelphia, on Monday the 10th day of June inst. at 7 o'clock in the evening, all that certain two story brick messuage with the lot or piece of ground thereonto belonging, situate on the south side of Chesnut street, between 6th and 7th streets from the river of Delaware, the lot containing in breadth on Chesnut street one hundred and one feet, and in depth two hundred and thirty five feet to George street, now in the tenure of James O'Ellers—Also one three story brick messuage near, y finished, and the lot thereunto belonging, situate on the east side of 6th street between Walnut and Spruce street; Also one, containing in breadth on Sixth street twenty two feet, and in depth one hundred and seventy seven feet.

The terms of sale of the property in Chesnut street, are to be one third of the purchase money to be paid in ten days, one third in six and the remaining third in twelve months, with interest from the day of sale. If default in payment, the premises to be put up to sale again at the risque of the purchaser.

No title to be made unless other satisfactory security is offered and accepted till payment of the last instalment.

The house and lot of ground thereunto belonging, situate in Sixth-street, will be sold for cash, to be paid on the delivery of the deed.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of John Swanwick, Esq. deceased, and to be sold by
WILLIAM NICHOLS, Marshal.
Marshal's Office, at Phila. 1st June, 1799. } dtioJune

FOR SALE,

The fast sailing SHIP
SWIFT PACKET.

She is well calculated as a Packet between this and the southern states, having handsome and extensive accommodations for passengers. She is well suited for the streights or West India trade, and can be sent to sea at a trifling expence. The inventory may be seen and the terms of sale made known by applying to
N. & J. FRAZIER,
No. 95 South Front st.
may 30. drw3awtf

FOR BOSTON,

THE SLOOP
HERCULES,
James Lathrop, master,

Will sail in ten days; for freight or passage, apply to the captain on board at Chesnut street wharf, or to
JOSEPH ANTHONY & Co.
June 3. d1ot

THE PARTNERSHIP OF
TUNIS, ANNESLEY & Co.

BEING dissolved by the death of Thomas Roberts, all those who have any demands against them are desired to furnish their accounts and those indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment to Richard Tunis & Robert Annesley surviving partners, who purpose continuing the business as usual under the firm of TUNIS & ANNESLEY.

And have for sale,
James' River, Georgia, Carolina, & Maryland } TOBACCO Of good quality.
5th mo. 28th d6t

JUST RECEIVED
From Barcelona, in the Danish brig Aurora, Captain Schlichting.
416 pipes high-flavored Brandy,
364 sacks Hazle Nuts, and a quantity of Corks,
FOR SALE BY
Thomas & John Ketland.
may 31 d14t

FOR SALE,
71 bales Surinam Cotton,
And a quantity of first quality
RUSSIA DUCK.
APPLY TO
Isaac Harvey, jun.
No. 9, South Water Street.
may 29 d3w

FOR SALE,
A Handsome New House,
Within 5 miles of the city.

TWO stories high, together with a grass lot, it is in a very good situation for business—the terms will be made very convenient to the purchaser—Enquire of the printer.
may 28 5

FOR SALE, OR TO LET,
A large and elegant Brick House,
Situate in south Fourth street, near the market. For terms apply to
BENJAMIN NONES.
No. 76, North Front Street.
May 30 15t

NOTICE.

THE Public are requested not to receive any drafts, notes, obligations or bills of any kind drawn in favor of or indorsed by
Abijah Hunt.
J. & A. Hunt.
Jesse & Abijah Hunt.
Jeremiah & Abijah Hunt.
Abijah & Jno. W. Hunt.
Snodgrass, & Co.
Those on whom they are drawn are also desired to suspend acceptance, until reference be had to the subscriber.

About twenty thousand Dollars of bills of the above description having been taken from the carrier near the mouth of Tennessee river by a party of Indians. SAMUEL MEEKER.
april 26. tu th&f tf

Notice.

THE subscriber, having been appointed administrator of the estate of Mr. John Lupton, late of this city, merchant, deceased, requests those who are indebted to said estate, to make payment, and those who have demands against the same to exhibit them to him without delay.
W. MEREDITH,
No. 16, South Fourth street.
april 26 d6m

BOARDING.

A few Young Men can be accommodated with Genteel Board on reasonable terms, at No. 8 Cherry Alley—the situation is pleasant and healthy.
may 25. dtf

WILLIAM BONNAR

INFORMS the public that business of importance calling him to Europe, he is obliged to decline his trade in Market street.

ALL PERSONS indebted to him, and those to whom he is indebted, will please to apply to Mr. *George Dobson*, no. 92, Market street, for the settlement of their respective accounts, who is duly empowered for that purpose.
June 3

To Distillers & Owners of Stills.

WHEREAS by an act of Congress, passed the 8th day of May 1792, intitled "An act concerning the duties on spirits distilled within the United States," it is required of all persons having or keeping a still or stills to make entry thereof, between the *last* day of *May* and the *first* day of *July*, in each year, under the penalty of *two hundred and fifty dollars*.

NOTICE is therefore hereby given to all distillers or owners of stills, withiu the county of Montgomery, to make entry of them at the Office of Inspection, at the house of the subscriber, in Norriton township in the county aforesaid.

Daniel St. Clair, Collector
3d Dist. 1st Sur. Pennsylvania.
June 1 2awtJy1

To Distillers & Owners of Stills.

WHEREAS by an act of Congress, passed the 8th day of May, 1792, intitled, "An act concerning the Duties on Spirits distilled within the United States," it is required of all persons having or keeping a Still or Stills, to make entry thereof, between the *last* day of *May* and the *first* day of *July* in each year, under the penalty of *two hundred and fifty dollars*:

NOTICE is therefore hereby given to all distillers or owners of Stills, within the city and county of *Philadelphia*, to make entry of them at the Office of Inspection, at No. 49, north Third street, in the city of Philadelphia, within the above mentioned periods.

James Ash, Collector,
Of the Revenue of the first of Division of the First Survey of the District of Pennsylvania.
Philadelphia, June 1, 1799. 2awtJy1

Supposed to have been Stolen,

And detained by the subscribers, a few days since, a valuable plated BRIDLE BITT.

THE following articles were also found in a trunk in their cellar some time ago, which it is presumed were left through mistake or stolen and depositied there (as the cellar door was out of order and not fastened for several nights together) viz.—

4 Dozen pair Leather Gloves.

The owners of the above goods, by proving property and paying the expence of advertising, may receive them on application at no. 132, Market street, to
HAINES & JONES.

Who have for sale as usual,

Mens and womens fashionable saddles of various descriptions and first quality; likewise inferior and common ditto; an assortment of elegant plated bridles; ditto common ditto of all kinds. They also manufacture and have for sale, plated and brass-mounted Harness; all sorts waggon gears; cavalry equipments, such as light horse caps, pistol holsters, sword belts, &c. &c. together with every other article appertaining to their line of business.

☞ They also offer 25 cents reward for taking up a black apprentice boy, who has escaped from their service, called JARED, about 14 years old; he is active, saucy and dirty. All persons are cautioned not to harbour him.
may 28 6t

A Summer Retreat.

FOR SALE,
Sixteen Acres of Land,
About half a mile from the city of Philadelphia,

THERE are on the premises a one story brick house 38 feet front, a stable and corn crib, a well of excellent water, and a few fruit trees, the situation is perhaps superior to any within the same distance of the city, and commands one of the most beautiful and picturesque prospects of the city, Kensington, the Delaware and Jerseys,
Enquire of EDWARD BONSALL & Co.
march 4 eodtf

TO THE PUBLIC.

WHEREAS my Husband, Joseph Lea, has accused me of indecent conduct, and of having deserted his marriage bed, I think it my duty to assert, as with great truth I can, that his charges are totally false and groundless, and do forwarn all persons from harboring or having any connections with him, 'till our separation shall be terminated in a court of law, by
FANNY LEA.
june 1. 3t¶

Just Published,
By JOHN ORMROD,
No, 41, Chesnut-street,
A SERMON,
ON THE
DUTY OF CIVIL OBEDIENCE,
AS REQUIRED IN
SCRIPTURE.

Delivered in Christ Church and St. Peter's, April 23, 1799, being a day of general Humiliation, *Appointed by the President of the United States*,
BY WILLIAM WHITE, D. D.
Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church, *In the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.*
May 10.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

DESERTED,

FROM the Marine Barracks, corner of Filbert and Thirteenth-streets, in the City of Philadelphia, the 28th day of this instant Two Marines, by trade Tailors, one John Crawford (the second time of his desertion) five feet seven inches high, fair complexion, hair cut close, dark eyes, slim built.—The other, Hilary Bishop five feet six inches high, ruddy complexion, sandy hair, a remarkable ringworm on the left of his lip—(Went off in uniform.)

N B. They took with them one brown cloth Coat, one blue cloth Coat, and many other articles not known at present.
W. W. BURROWS,
Major Commandant of Marine Corps.
may 25

An ARCHITECT & ENGINEER,
Who has been regularly bred,
WANTS EMPLOYMENT.
A line directed to A. B and left at this office, will be attended to.
may 24 ¶ eo6t

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

TUESDAY EVENING, *JUNE* 4.

PRICES OF STOCKS

PHILADELPHIA, JUNE 3.

Six per Cent.	15 to 16
Three per Cent.	9/6
Deferred 6 per Cent.	14/4
BANK United States,	20 per cent.
—— Pennsylvania,	16 ditto.
—— North America,	46 per cent.
Insurance comp. N. A. shares	29 ditto
—— Pennsylvania, shares,	33 ditto

8 per cent Scrip 6 to 7 per cent below par
East-India Company of N. A. 5 per cent. advance

COURSE OF EXCHANGE

On London,	51 at 30 days
	50 at 60 à 90 days
Amsterdam,	35 à 37-100 per florin
Hamburgh	30 23à -100 per Mark Banco.

From the CENTINEL.

"*The Honor of a Government, is a pearl of great price.*"

"*A Nation which weighs its purse, against its rights, will in the end be sure to lose both.*" R. G. HARPER.

MR. RUSSELL,

HAVING attempted to shew, in my former numbers, that the perilous and semi-warlike situation into which the United States have been reduced, has been produced by our internal divisions; and that those divisions have been occasioned by the factious spirit of our own bad citizens, aided by the arts of France, and not by any improper measures of our Government:—Having made it apparent, that the Jacobin clamors against taxes and public expenditures, ought to excite the public indignation against themselves, who were the true authors of all the evils which we deprecate, I proceed to shew, as I proposed, that the expences, of the present year, and those in which we shall probably be involved, and the burdens which will eventually fall upon the people, if they have but one spark of that patriotism which warmed them in 1775, will appear as the *veriest trifle*, compared to the precious interests at stake.

In considering this part of the subject, I intend to satisfy all "*True Americans*," that the expences are unavoidable—that submission to France would not save, but only magnify our losses, and that in the end, the *cheapest* line of conduct, will be resistance:—In the next place, I shall attempt to shew, that the Government has been governed by a rigid economy in the public expenditures; that they are not greater than were necessary; that they are very insignificant, compared to the wealth and population of the United States, and that they have already produced the most happy effects upon our trade, navigation, and upon our agriculture.

It has been said, that the expences which the nation are now incurring, are unavoidable:—This is apparent, from the *Nature of Man*.—In common life, we all know and feel, that to get rid of unjust pretensions, the only way is to oppose them in their *commencement*. If a man encroaches upon my farm, by fencing in an acre of my meadow, I instantly claim my right, and punish the aggressor: Would it be natural to suffer him to remain quiet in his *dishonest* possessions, in order that he might be satisfied, and refrain from further encroachments? Or would it be expected, that if I conceded one acre without opposition, he would not soon covet a second? Or to take a case, more analagous to the French depredations—Suppose a miserly man, whom I well knew, was in the daily habit of plundering from my *corn barn*, or from my shop, would it be politic to wink at such depredations, under the foolish hope, that his avarice would be satisfied, short of my ruin? If such would be our mode of reasoning in common life, why should we fail to make the application to nations, who have the same passions, the same love of plunder, and who are less restrained by moral sentiments, and not in the least affected by a sense of reputation.—If a submissive temper would be impolitic against the encroachments of *avarice* alone, how much more necessary, to discard it, when we are assailed by inordinate *ambition*, combined with a miserly love of plunder?

France, deranged and disorganised by a Revolution, the most tremendous and the most astonishing that the world has witnessed—the morals of her citizens corrupted—their manufactures destroyed—their industrious habits extinct—the nation reduced to two simple classes, of "*Soldiers* and *Serfs*;"—In what manner can she subsist, but upon that system of plunder, to which all her young men have served a regular apprenticeship?

During this mighty blaze of revolution and victory, which has dazzled and petrified her unfortunate and now subjugated neighbors, France has been a prey to internal discord and private misery. Their soldiers have feasted, but their citizens have wanted bread. In order to divert their attention from their private distresses, and the still more miserable prospects which await them, their artful rulers have seized violent hold upon the weak side of the nation. Vanity and the love of power have been conspicuous traits in the Gallic character, from the time of Charlemagne. The republican tyrants have sagaciously contrived to transfer the *glory of the Grand Monarque*, which ten years ago was the first passion of Frenchmen, to the "*Grand Nation*," and the schemes of universal empire, conceived nearly effected by Lewis XIV. have been received, and still more successfully carried on by this nation of sans-culottes, soldiers and robbers.

Goaded by two such passions, as ambition and love of plunder;—bursting with national conceit, and flushed with victory, what nation can hope to appease or assuage this mighty Republic?—Will principle set bounds to her passions? Look at every page of her history, monarchical or republican: Will treaties bind her: Look at Dr. Franklin's treaty of 1778, and then peruse the condemnation of the ship Laurens, in 1793, before any *pretence* of complaint, before even the arrival of Genet.—Will friendship restrain her ambition or her avarice? Ask the Swiss, who have been her allies for 260 years—who had fought her battles, and defended her territories, but who are now victims to her rapacity:—Will submission secure safety? As this is the most interesting question to America, and as I have said, that resistance is *cheaper* than submission, I shall answer this question by briefly stating the example and the fate of other nations.

Every nation in Europe, but Great Britain, has in the contest with France, been governed by a narrow and parsimonious policy:—France has debauched and frightened more nations than she has conquered. The paltry consideration of saving a few towns, or a few provinces, or a few millions of dollars, has nearly subjugated all Europe to the power of France:—But this niggardly policy has saved them nothing but a name. Like the allies of Rome; they have the *honor* to pay a tribute, and to support the grandeur of their *noble* friend, and to have honorable mention made of them in the bulletin of the republic. The first xample which is exhibited to view is that of Holland,—Holland was our old ally and friend—she foolishly thought herself free, but France convinced her that she was enslaved. No man will deny, that the Dutch loved their money better than their liberties. A modern Dutchman, not the men who wrested their liberties from Philip of Spain, but the new-fashioned pacific Dutchman, would surrender his rights and the honor of his nation sooner than his purse:—Invaded by France—threatened with her vengeance, if they did not *consent* to be free, and to let France make *free* with their country—terrified at the apprehension of the *cost* of vigorous defence—Holland ignominiously and meanly submitted to the terms which France saw fit to impose.—What has Holland saved by this despicable policy? What could she have lost by a manful resistance? If vanquished, she might have lost her territory and her wealth, but she would have retained the fair fame which a 70 years glorious war had gained for her ancestors. The Dutch might have perished, but they would have perished with honor:—They have now purchased life, but they hold it with disgrace. In the *narrow* calculations of political arithmetic, in which honor is sold by the pound, and national rights are battered by weight and measure, Holland has gained nothing by submission, but dishonor and slavery. She has not saved *one* stiver.—Her trade is destroyed—her *famous* bank without credit—her navigation rotting in the *Texel*—her fleet fighting the battles of France, vanquished and destroyed—her East-India commerce at an end—her most valuable colonies captured or rendered useless to her—her merchants having paid thirty per cent to France, in requisitions, are suffering the disgrace of bankruptcy—but above all, a French mercenary army quartered upon her peaceable inhabitants in submissive alliance with the Grand Republic. I shall pursue this further in my next.

"DECIUS."

To the Freemen of Lancaster County.

WHEREAS the present situation of the United States of America is such as to require the united efforts of all good citizens to protect and defend the government thereof, not only from all foreign influence, but from domestic foes: and we sincerely believe that the Constitution of the United States, founded upon the will of the people, is well calculated to promote the happiness and prosperity of our common country, and to secure the blessings of civil and religious liberty to ourselves and our posterity; and that the administration under it, has been wisely directed to attain these great ends—Earnestly desiring, that the principles of the said constitution may remain inviolate, as long as the name of liberty may be known and revered in any part of the Globe; we view with indignant sorrow the base attempts of our domestic enemies to scatter the seeds of discord among us, to weaken the government of our own hands, raise up groundless jealousies against the officers who are appointed to administer it, and to slander the most incorruptible Patriots of America.

Deeply revolving these things in our minds, and conceiving it to be the duty of all men, at this eventful period, to speak their sentiments, unawed and uninfluenced; and knowing the great importance of the approaching election, for a Governor of this Commonwealth—We the Grand Jury of Lancaster county at this present May sessions 1799—think it our duty to recommend the subject to the serious consideration of our Fellow-citizens, leaving every one to form his own judgment, and to act for himself.

The important rank which Pennsylvania holds in the Union renders her conduct with regard to the General Government extremely interesting; and there is reason to dread, that if we should raise up characters in the administration of the state, who are opposed to the General administration, for the avowed purpose of "stopping the wheels of Government" the whole fabric may eventually be shaken, and all that is dear and valuable to Freemen be involved in the common ruin.

With this view, therefore, we have taken into consideration the relative characters of the Candidates who are proposed to be voted for Governor—and not only from the knowledge of some of ourselves, but from the best information we have been able to collect, and on which we can rely, we do most earnestly recommend to our Fellow-citizens of the county of Lancaster, JAMES ROSS of ALLEGANY, as a proper person to be chosen Governor at the next Election.

We believe him to be a man of abilities, capable to serve us faithfully, warmly attached to the true interest of his country, a friend to peace and a friend to national honor and Independence, highly respected, not only in his own, but in the sister states.

We state these things because we know it to be impossible for every individual to be personally acquainted with the man who must fill so important a station—Information must then be derived from the knowledge of others—James Ross is a native of York county, where his parents and connections now reside: and his simplicity of manners is such as not to raise him up, with affected pride, above the level of his fellow citizens, whilst he will sufficiently understand, and support the dignity of his station, should Pennsylvania be rendered happy in the choice of him.

With earnest prayers for the welfare of our common country, we are your humble servants.

HENRY REAM, Foreman.
LEWIS LAUMAN,
JOHN HARR,
ABRAHAM HENRY,
WILLIAM KIRKPATRICK,
JOHN GRAEFF,
JACOB MARTIN,
ADAM LITZENBERGER,
ARCHIBALD HENDERSON,
JAMES HENDERSON,
JOHN SHENK,
FREDERICK BAKER,
WILLIAM LANIUS,
CHRISTIAN HARTMAN,
JACOB WEIDLER,
HENRY CARPENTER,
JOSEPH GINGRICH,
JOHN HAMAKER,
JOHN SENSEING.

FURTHER
Late Foreign Articles
Per the Minerva, arrived at Boston.

PARIS, April 1.

On the 11th inst. a convoy of 200 sail, which came from Nantz Bourdeaux, &c. accompanied by 6 frigates, under the command of captain Lebozee, had the good fortune to get safe into Brest.

FRANKFORT, March 26.

On the 20th and 21st engagements were fought near Saulgau, and in the neighbourhood of Pfullendorf, between the advanced troops of the imperial and republican armies, which terminated to the advantage of the former. In the affair of the 21st near Pfullerndorf, the two commanders in chief were personally engaged, and the contest which was sanguinary, lasted upwards of six hours. In the event, Jourdan fell back near 6 leagues towards Switzerland.

KEMPTON, March 23.

Jourdan since the 21st has retreated ten leagues nearer Switzerland; his right is still at Constance. A considerable number of French wounded soldiers have arrived here, and a still greater number are sent to Tutlengen, &c. The loss of the enemy in killed, wounded and prisoners, is estimated at ten thousand men.

RASTADT, March 17.

Received at Berlin, March 23.

Great part of the army is marching in haste towards Switzerland. The magazines are removed from Offenburg to Fribourg. A number of wounded are arrived at Kehl; and there is a great alarm at Strasburgh. Jourdan is stated to have arrived at Basle, and Massena to have been beat. The peasants massacre the French in the Valteline and the Grisons. It is believed that the archduke has broke through the centre of Jourdan's army, near Stockach, so that the latter is retreating towards Switzerland, to join Massena, if possible.

St. Cyr, who commanded the left wing, has retired towards Heidelbourgh, in order to reach Necherthal.

It further appears that the centre and right wing of the French army has been wholly routed. The left wing on the northern bank of the Danube was not engaged, but had, in consequence of the defeat of the other divisions of the army, been compelled to make an hasty retreat, closely pressed by an imperial column under the orders of general Nauendorff. Some reports state that general St. Cyr, being unable to reach Kniebis, has proceeded to Freudenstadt, which he was endeavouring, by new works, to render tenable: others that he had been brought to an action, and defeated. The whole line from Sigmaringen by Moskerch, Pfullendorf, Nellenburg, Stockach, and towards Shafhausen, was engaged: the principal action was, however, between Stochach and Aach.

In these battles 7000 French are stated to have been made prisoners.

The particulars of Massena's defeat are not given.

From late London papers.

The Baker HALLER has offered to purchase the whole of the Royal demesnes of Piedmont, and to pay twenty millions of livers in specie, in part of the price.

The *Echo* of the 10th says, "Gen. LAVEAUX, a Deputy from St Domingo, whose Republicanism is above all suspicion, has offered to a Member of the Directory to answer with his head for the fidelity of TOUSSAINT LOUVERTURE. It is said, that this General is to be sent as Commissioner to St. Domingo."

Doctor COKE, a Methodist Minister, states, that with 22 Missionaries and 50 Black Preachers, there have been ten thousand Negroes converted to Christianity, and 40,000 more receiving instruction, in the West India Islands.

The British fishery has answered extremely well this season. The houses of H. Holmes and Son, White Beckwith, and F. Sadler of Liverpool, in one day last week, imported 5,296,000 herrings and eight tons of salmon.

By this Day's Mail.

CHARLESTON, May 20.

We are informed that Monday the 3d of June, is the day appointed for the launch of the frigate; she is to be called the JOHN ADAMS; her head which is said to be a great likeness of the President of the United States, arrived from Philadelphia some days ago and is now placed on the frigate; it is from the masterly chissel of Mr. Rush of that city, whose elegant productions have long since placed him at the head of his profession.

BOSTON, May 30.

We understand the number of votes for Governor were more than thirty three thousand, and that His Excellency *Increase Sumner*, had upwards of twenty four thousand.

To morrow an oration will be delivered before the Massachusetts Charitable Fire Society, by John Davis, Esq. The friends of literature, the lovers of polished eloquence, and the charitably disposed, will have an opportunity of gratifying their taste, and indulging their benevolence. A new patriotic ODE, by Mr. Paine, will close the performances, and from the talents of the author, we cannot hesitate to say, that it will enliven patriots, refine amateurs, and please all.

We have it from respectable authority, that the following organization will be aimed at by the democrats, to commence with the next election of President.

Thomas Jefferson, President of the United States; Matthew Lyon, Vice-President; James Monroe, Secretary of State; Edmund Randolph, Secretary of the Treasury, with the perquisite of all "Flour" contracts; William Blount, Secretary of War; William Heath, General and acting commander in chief of the armies of the United States; Albert Gallatin, Minister Plenipotentiary to the French Republic, and all the republics in Europe, including Geneva; Thomas M'Kean, Chief Justice of the United States; Alexander J. Dallas, Attorney General; Tench Cox, President of a new Order, to be denominated the Order of Merit, with the privilege of wearing at all times a civic crown; Benjamin Austin, jun. Esq. Halter maker General.

N. B. It is not expected there will be much business for this officer, as the Guillotine will be the principal engine in the new order of things—therefore, this gentleman will have the liberty of hanging himself with the first halter he makes.

Thus far our information—but it is probable other alterations and arrangements are in embryo.

For J. Russell's Commercial Gazette.

MR. RUSSELL,

IT is reported that the Directory have recalled from exile, a certain ex-General supposed to be popular in America, and who *professes* a great regard for both countries, for the purpose of sending him Envoy Extraordinary to the United States. If this be true it is probable the measure was foreseen by the President, and was one of the reasons which led to the late nomination. For it must be admitted, that it is infinitely better to meet the French on their own ground, than to have their intriguing emissaries among us. And, I contend, that a more dangerous man than La Fayette could not be sent here. If he accepts a commission from the present rulers of France, he must enter into all their depraved views—and his boasted friendship for these states, would be only a lure to haste us to the snare laid for our lives. The *Genet scene* would be acted over again:—The new minister would come without a single secret—he would disdain the diplomatic substerfuges which prevent republics coming near to each other—he would exhibit to our view the golden knot of friendship, unloosened by time, unsarnished by misfortunes or changes—he would recall the tender remembrances of his *former* embassy, when he flew to these western shores, a youth of nineteen years of age, *to fight the battles of freedom*—he would conjure us by the past, the present, and the future to hear him, and BELIEVE him.

Are the people of the United States sufficiently guarded against these things? For one, I confess I have my fears. Popular *opinion*, which is but another word for "popular *prejudice* is as variable as the ever changing winds. And the whole course of history confirms, that of all the nations which have lost their liberties, few indeed are the instances where THE PEOPLE themselves have not signed, and sealed the death warrant.

It is not my intention at present to enlarge upon this subject; and I hope the ample discussion of it by abler pens, will prevent an occasion for my doing it at all. But I think it one which seriously affects our dearest interests. In the talents, the integrity, the patriotism, and the experience of the President of the United States, we have the most solid and consolatory pledges, that nothing will be done by the Executive which will commit the independence or security of the country. But from the free nature of our constitution, feeble and impotent are the best exertions of our rulers, if counteracted, or in fact if not cordially supported by the people at large. Let then that honorable CONFIDENCE in the CONSTITUTED AUTHORITIES, so essential to our prosperity and safety, be inculcated and cherished—foreign intrigue constantly exposed—and domestic faction stripped of its veil—then shall we render ourselves in some degree worthy of, and do all in our power to perpetuate, the political blessings we enjoy.

American Independence.

NEW-YORK, June 3.

Capt. Loring, of the brig Two Sisters, arrived yesterday from Savannah, in lat. 39, 35, long. 79, 9. saw a smoak bearing North East. At five A. M. discovered it to be a vessel on FIRE, which burned most furiously, the light of which they continued to see till ten o'clock the next day, though 12 or 14 miles to leeward of her. During the fire saw two boats go from her, for a ship that was then to the windward of the vessel in flames.

On Thursday, capt. L. spoke the ship Mary, for this port, from the Havannah, out 14 days.

The brig John, Durham, from this port, had arrived at Savannah in 11 days—also, the ship Polly, from Boston, in 21 days.

CUSTOM HOUSE,
New-York, June 1, '99.

SIR,

I received a letter from the Secretary of State this morning, who observes, "that the papers transmitted exhibit no facts to authorise the detention of capt. Pierce and his mate any longer"—You will therefore consider this an authority to liberate them on the charge suggested.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
JOSHUA SANDS, Collector.

Col. GILES.

Extract of a letter from captain A. Golden, to his owners in this town, dated

TORTOLA, April 3, 1799.

"On the 24th March, in lat. 23, 10, long. 61, 10, I was so unfortunate as to be captured by a French privateer out of Guadaloupe, and myself and four of my crew taken out of my vessel, and she ordered for that island. Same day they took the schooner Lydia, capt. Waring, from New-York, on board of which they put my boy and me, with seven others belonging to the privateer;—three days after being in sight of St. Martins, I retook the Lydia and next day arrived here safe with her.

"You will wonder how I effected the recapture of the Lydia, when their numbers were so much superior:—they had but one sword, and supposed they had nothing to fear, took no care of it; but at the point of it I drove down such below as I thought proper, and locked the hatches on them; the others I made work the vessel.

"The Lydia was loaded with staves and heading, which will fetch a good price here."

The brig Zephyr, Chamberlaine from Martinique, arrived here on Saturday, in 17 days—Capt. C. informs, that the U. States frigate George Washington, and the Pickering, have retaken a northern schooner and a Philadelphia brig, captured by the French; the brig is sent into Montserrat, and the schooner was towed into St. Peters, by the Washington.

BALTIMORE, June 1.

LAUNCH.

The sloop of war Maryland, pierced for 20 guns, built by the merchants of this city for the United States, and now on the stocks at Mr. James Price's ship-yard, Fells-Point, will be launched from thence into her destined element, on the afternoon of Monday next, tide and weather permitting.

PITTSBURGH, May 11.

The Grand Jury of Bedford County, convened at April term 1799, conceiving it highly necessary that a true republican character should be selected to succeed the present Governor, have therefore unanimously agreed to support, and recommend to their fellow-citizens JAMES ROSS, Esq. of Pittsburgh.

EASTON, May 31.

AN ALARMING ACCIDENT.

On Sunday last the son of Jacob Fry fell from a tree upon a sharp dry stick, which passed between the sixth and seventh ribs of the left side and penetrated the lungs from which issued blood and air, making a noise like that of a bellows. The boy was thought to be unrecoverable, but Doctor Cooper, of this borough who was called upon, immediately removed the extravasated air and blood, as well as small parts of the wood, from the cavity of the chest, and closed the wound to prevent further injury from the air. Blood was drawn very largely from the arm, and proper medicine given to prevent fever, &c. &c.

We cannot say that he certainly will recover, but we have reason to expect it.

IS OFFERED FOR SALE,
(if speedily applied for)

A VALUABLE parcel of Land in Ann Arundel county, not far from the city of Annapolis and about 30 miles from the city of Washington. On one of these tracts is a most elegant two story brick Dwelling House, 4 rooms on a floor, beautifully situated in an excellent and healthy neighborhood—This body of Land will be sold in lots or in a large body. There are several tenements on said Tract which rent for somethiug considerable per ann. A further description is deemed unnecessary. Apply to the printer.

june 1. 1aw6w.

Removal.

THOMAS CLAYTON, *Hatter,*

HAS removed to No. 126, south Front street, where he intends carrying on his business as formerly, and has on hand a complete assortment of his own manufactured ladies, gentlemen and childrens'

HATS.

Canada Beaver & Musk-rat Skins,

With a complete assortment of FURS, always for sale.—He has received per the late arrivals from London, a complete assortment of

Fashionable English Hats,

Which he now offers for sale at very reduced prices.

june 1. 1aw6m

THE SUBSCRIBER,

TAKES this method of acquainting the public that for some time past he has been engaged in collecting debts on commission. He would have no objection of going to any part of the State, to examine Land or Land Offices, record deeds, &c. He flatters himself that he shall by promptness and address be able to satisfy those that may employ him.

JOSEPH H. FLEMING,
No 63, Queen-street, Southwark.

june 3 m3t

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

TUESDAY EVENING, *JUNE 4.*

By the *latest* advices it is rendered certain, that the Austrian forces in the Grison territory, have completely retrieved their affairs,—and that General Hotze, having received reinforcements to the number of ten thousand men, had gained two signal victories over Massena.

A resistance to the wiles of France on the part of any nation which submits to be tampered with by her, must needs be as watchful and inveterate as the evil to be opposed, or her labors are vain, and worse, for they aggravate the catastrophe that must ensue.

An escape from her machinations, a triumph over her deadly designs, ought, therefore, at all times to be regarded only as a prelude to new toils against new devices, in new and more dangerous forms; and to be valued only for the accession it produces of new means and new weapons for fighting the good fight of faith. A recurrence to the political history of the world for the last six years, will confirm the justice of this remark: but the experience of no nation has more abounded in illustrations of its truth than own.

War, open, unequivocal, declared war, is the only source, whence relief can be derived from the deadly machinations of her malice. 'Till this is brought about, it is difficult to perceive any ray of hope for national security, or the enjoyment of individual comfort and repose. 'Till we can assume fortitude enough to put such enemies manfully at defiance, we shall be unremittingly assailed by one division or other of the unnumbered legions of diplomatic skill, which are scattered so profusely abroad in every country, and which, trained to the business of corruption and deceit, will always gain the advantage.

MR. PRINTER,

AS a German, I find myself always concerned in the welfare and happiness, as well as in the honor or shame of all German descendants in America, particularly in Pennsylvania.

Deplorable was the situation of our ancestors, when they undertook their journey to this country, in a poor, miserable, and dejected condition, in hopes, that in this great forest, they could at least not be more miserable and despised than in their native country.

The fame of their industry induced the government of Pennsylvania to receive them with open arms, to afford them not only a favorable opportunity to become wealthy and opulent, but even to grant them free citizenship.

In consequence of this, we their descendants find ourselves here, such of us as have not dismissed that parental industry and œconomy, surrounded with ease and plenty; many are grown immensely rich.

The institution of our government has not its equal on the whole surface of our globe. No person is authorized to make laws for us except those that we elect ourselves, and these can impose no burthen upon us, of which they themselves, their children and their friends bear not an equal share.

That such a people were not contented under such happy circumstances, but day and night maliciously to defame and to curse our government, and then with arms to rise in open rebellion against it, would be incredible, had not sad experience confirmed the fact before our eyes.

As long as Germans existed in America, I might even say in the whole world, they have not defamed their character with such a scandal, as lately by their wicked and stupid conduct in some counties of Pennsylvania. It is impossible to admit any other excuse for them, except the excuse of our mother Eve; That the Devil has deceived them, or perhaps at least some of his emissaries from Northampton and Montgomery county, who previous to the last Election, did ride thro' the country, traducing a great number of laws and measures of our government, and calumniating the Quakers, Moravians, Mennonists, &c. as much as possible, in order to bring their German fellow citizens thus enraged on the election ground, on purpose to get their votes for some public office.

GERMANICUS.

To PHILADELPHUS.

SIR,

YOUR address to the Board of Health in the Gazette of yesterday, contains some remarks which ought not to pass without a reply.

You first observe, that the "authority of the Board wants nothing to render it completely adequate to the business, but the right of removing the resident and consulting physicians and quarantine master in case of ignorance or inattention." So far from the possession of this authority rendering the business complete, it would be the most objectionable part of any of the powers delegated to the Board of Health: and by your wishing that body to be possessed of it, would lead to an opinion that you were a *democrat enragé*, for it is a perfect and truly democratic idea, to intrust a body of men appointed by the *sovereign people*, or by their representatives, with a power of appointing or removing, subject to no controul. The evils, the incalculable misfortunes resulting from this state of authority, were amply evinced in the miserable *single legislative constitution*, by which Pennsylvania was convulsed during our struggle for independence; and in latter days by the arbitrary exertions of the authority of the national convention of France. The framers of the constitution by which our state has at present the happiness to be governed, evinced their wisdom, by giving the appointment of all offices to the Governor, and not only the nature of things but the experience of every day fully proves the propriety of the arrangement. An executive magistrate will naturally be cautious in appointing to a responsible situation, a man, of whose talents he is not well assured; but a body of men will screen themselves in case of misconduct in the officer they appoint, by dividing the blame.—The declaration of the expectation that the Board will keep the officers to their duty, carries with it an insinuation that they require watching; but I hope, sir, the character of all the executive officers of the health department will place them above suspicions of this nature: They have taken an oath, to perform the duties of their office with fidelity; and they have too much to risque, not to be extremely vigilant during the present season. The fatal epidemic of last year, sir, cannot, consistent with christian charity, be ascribed to their negligence; they did all that could be done, and I have no doubt they will do their duty, *and as far as depends upon their exertions*, we shall be safe from the scourge.

A PHILADELPHIAN.

MR FENNO,

AN inscription written by the celebrated Doctor Wilkes, of Wilnor, near Woolverhampton, (England) on Charles Claudius Phillips, musician, who was interred in the porch of the old church (for old it was, and it was built when labor there was a penny a day)—of the same town. I took the pains to copy it upwards of twenty years ago—from a marble monument erected for the above Claudius.

Near this place lies Charles Claudius Phillips, Esq. whose absolute contempt of riches and inimitable performances upon the violin, made him the admiration of all who knew him, he was born in Wales, made the tour of Europe and after the experience of both kinds of fortune died in 1732.

"Exalted soul! thy various sounds could please
"The love sick virgin and the gouty ease;
"Could jarring crouds like old Amphion move
"To beauteous ardor and harmonious love,
"Here rest in peace till angels bid thee rise,
"And join thy Saviour's concert in the skies."

Extract of a Letter received at Boston from Europe.

*****, April 8, 1799.

"We have been some time in possession of letters and papers from the United States to the beginning of March, and from what passes on both sides the Atlantic, it is too evident that our country never was in greater danger than at this moment; the Directory will not soon make another of those mistakes which have heretofore baffled their schemes, they now know perfectly well the nature of our parties and their relative strength—they are persuaded that our people will not *voluntarily* submit to great burdens and sufferings to secure themselves against those who *profess* to be their friends, and they deride the attempts of a government, feeble as that of the United States, to enforce by its own energies the requisite exertions; if therefore they were in a situation to operate with a small force, they say all opposition to their will would be instantly subdued—at present, however, this small force cannot be brought to bear upon upon us, and for this reason they will resort wholly to those arts which have never failed of success, but have been the principal means of all their victories. Their measures are resolved on and you will soon hear of new assurances being given of a disposition more amicable than ever, and if a treaty *upon almost any terms* should be required it will not be absolutely refused—It is probable a minister will be sent to Philadelphia, as this is a measure strongly recommended by those whose advice has been often followed—"lay aside, say these traitors, all pretensions which may alarm our people, suppress for a moment your just indignation and all your desires shall be accomplished"—"send a minister, say they, to the United States instead of waiting for a new emission of Envoys whose intractibility will occasion new embarrassments"—"it is easier to manage the people at home than the delegates of their government here, especially if you send for the purpose, a man who enjoys the reputation of being their friend"—such is the language to which the Directory listens, and in order to keep alive the hopes and influence of faction, two or three of our vessels are released, and nothing is said of our capturing the Insurgent, dissolving the treaties and other offensive acts. But while every man of sense view these things in their true light, every friend of our country trembles for its fate, for, notwithstanding the grossness of these vile arts, it is too manifest that in our temporising policy in the strength and audacity of our faction at home, and their influence at Paris, we are treading fast upon the heels of the unhappy Swiss."

From Mr. Webster's Paper.

The Roman author who has left us the most accurate description of the Gauls, the ancestors of the French, is Julius Cæsar.—In his third book of the Gallic War, he frequently mentions particular traits in their character. In section 8th, he says, "sunt Gallorum subita et repentina concilia."—"The deliberations and decisions of the Gauls are sudden and precipitate."

In section 10th he remarks, "Omnes fere Gallos novis rebus studere et ad bellum mobiliter et celeriter excitari." "Most of the Gauls are full of new projects, and easily and speedily excited to undertake war."

In the 5th section of the 4th book, Cæsar repeats the description before given of their character, with many new circumstances. The passage is too long to be given in the original, but the following is the translation of his words—"Cæsar was afraid to trust the Gauls, because they were feeble and volatile, and fond of novelties. It was the custom in Gaul to oblige travellers to stop and tell all the news they had heard. The common people would throng around the merchants in the towns and compel them to tell whence they came and what news."

The last trait, curiosity, is common to all nations and especially among people who inhabit parts of the county, remote from public transactions.

In the 20th section of the third book, Cesar describes another trait in the French character which has been retained to this day. Nam ut ad bella suscipienda Gallorum alacer ac promptus est animus, sic minime resistent ad calamitates preferendas mens eorum est." As the minds of the Gauls are prompt and ready to wage war, so they readily sink under misfortunes."

It is remarkable that promptness, activity, volatility, and impatience of calamity should thus remain national traits of character for almost 2000 years. The last trait however must be meant of their yielding to public misfortunes and defeats. No people are more easily disconcerted by defeat in battle; but private misfortunes are borne by individuals with an astonishing degree of sang froid.

Two reflections naturally arise out of the facts here related. First the conquest of Gaul by the Romans and afterwards by the Normans and Franks, did not essentially change the character of the nation.

Secondly, the traits of character possessed by that powerful people are capable of producing sublime virtues and enormous vices. Under the restraints of a rational religion and a vigorous, free government, the genius of the nation would produce great men, great virtues and great improvements. But under ambitious men, whether a Louis 14 or a Directory, without the restraints of religion, law or moral obligation, that nation will be as it has at times been in every age, the *scourge of Europe and the dread of nations.*

Americans be on your guard. Nature is unchangeable—arm yourselves against the French nation.

Gazette Marine List.

Port of Philadelphia,

No arrivals at the Fort.

Brig Peter, Hanson, from Hamburg to this port, has been taken by the French and carried into Bologne.

Brig Triton, Spitcher, from hence, has arrived at Hamburg.

☞ The Letter Bag of the ship Connecticut, for Hamburg, will be taken from the Coffee House on Tuesday morning at 8 o'clock.

New-York, June 3.

ARRIVED, days

Brig Two Sisters, Loring,	Savannah	9
Schr. Liberty, Buscark,	Norfolk	2
Sloop Hope, Smith,	do.	
Union, Peck,	do.	

Arrived yesterday, ship Lady Linderman, Tatem, from St. Croix, in 16 days—brig Two Sisters, Loring, from Savannah, in 9 days.

His Majesty's Packet Jane, Capt. Parsons, arrived here yesterday from Falmouth. As she sailed on the 1st of April, she can bring nothing new.

The ship Venus, arrived last evening, sailed from Bristol on the 28th of March, in co. with the Atlas and Nonpareil, both of this port.

Embracing a fair and brisk breeze the following vessels sailed yesterday from this port:

Ship Rufus, Holland, for	Cadiz
—— America, Sands,	do
—— Washington, Packwood,	do
—— Fair American, M'Fall,	London
—— Rajah, Foster,	do
—— Tanner, Obrian,	do
—— Nancy, Deas,	Liverpool
—— Suffolk, Whipple,	do
—— Hazard, Scisson,	Vera Cruz
—— Sally, Lockyer,	Philadelphia

And several schooners.

The Amsterdam Packet sailed on Saturday for Glasgow.

The above vessels were armed, and most of them gave salutes.

Ship Philadelphia, from New-Orleans, has arrived at St. Croix.

Brig Anna Lucea, from this port to Bremen, has arrived at Cuxhaven.

Yesterday arrived the ship Venus, Felt, 70 days from Liverpool. Sailed at same time for Cork, in Ireland, ship Atlas, Capt. Wilson, of New-York; ship Nonpareil, do. brig Washington, do. brig Winefred, of Philadelphia. Left at Bristol, ship Experiment, of New-York, captain Hamilton—Spoke brig Alexander, from Kennebunk, out three days, bound to Dominique.

To be Sold at Public Auction,
TO-MORROW MORNING,
precisely at 11 o'clock,
At the Horse-Market,

A Capital Bay HORSE,

FULL size, warranted perfectly sound, and goes well in a Chair—may be seen at the subscribers stables in Seventh near Market-street any time before the hour of sale, and may have an opportunity of trying him under the saddle or in harness.

WM. DAVIDSON, auctioneer.

june 4.

FOR SALE,
That beautiful and healthy Farm called
SUNBURY,

ON Neshaminy creek, one mile from the bridge and three miles from Bristol. It contains 232 acres, 73 of which are good woodland, a proportion of meadow on which was cut 50 tons good hay last year; there is every conveniency on this farm for a gentleman or a farmer; the orchard contains all sorts of grafted fruit of the best kind; it is so well known that further description is thought unnecessary—If it is not sold at private sale before the 20th instant, it will, on that day, be sold at the Coffee House. For terms apply to NICKLIN & GRIFFITH,
Attornies in fact for
WALTER SIMS.

june 4. dtzoinst.

PRATT & KINTZING,

No. 95, North Water-ſtreet,

HAVE FOR SALE,

70 TONS HEMP,

3000 buſhels low-priced ſalt
14 pipes choice old port wine
100 boxes claret
30 tons roll brimſtone
40 kegs yellow ochre
20 do. pearl barley
A few barrels lentilles
120 boxes Havanna ſugars
1000 demy-johns
100 boxes window glaſs
few cheſts liquor caſes
4 caſks hog's briſtles
1 hhd. blocking } TWINE
2 do. ſail }
A few bundles German ſteel
Several packages ſlates and pencils
3 hogſheads glue
4 packages mens ſlippers
1 do. bunting for colours
2 do. quills
A few barrels naval ſtores, &c. &c.

And as usual, a great variety of

Ticklenburghs, hempen linens, oznabrigs, heſſians, brown rolls, patterbornes, checks, ſtripes, &c. &c. which they will ſell on reaſonable terms.

may 18 tuth3w

MADEIRA WINE.

FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

18 Pipes of Madeira Wine,

GIDEON HILL WELLS,
Market-ſtret, No. 135.

may 16 3aw4w

JOHN MILLER, JUN.

No. 80, Dock, near Third Street.

Has for Sale.

Coſſaes,
Baſtas,
Mamoodies,
Taffaties,
Colicoes,
Paena
Romal and } Handkerchiefs.
Mulmul }

The foregoing goods are now to be ſold at

REDUCED PRICES,

N.B. Many of theſe Goods may be printed to advantage in this country.

moy 16 3awtf

For Sale,

By WILIAM MOTT,

No. 145, Market-ſtreet,

Very low for CASH, or a ſhort CREDIT,
A large aſſortment of printed cotton hand'fs.
Do. bandannas, Romalls and ſhawls,
2 Trunks printed cottons,
Beſt Engliſh luteſtrings, modes,
7-4 ſuperfine cloths,
Several packages aſſorted hand'fs unopened,
18 caſks pewter aſſorted,
1 caſk bar tin,
1 trunk ferrets 4d & 6d,
1 trunk furniture fringes,
Black and white laces and edgings.

may 11. 2awtJ.

FOR SALE

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

20 pipes of Old Madeira Wine,
2 Cannon—9 pounders
25 coils rigging, from 1 1-4 to 5 inch,
35 hhds. of beſt James River Tobacco.

Willing & Francis,

Penn-Street.

May 23. tu th & ſat tf

DONATION LANDS.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT Claims for Donation Lands granted by the State of Pennſylvania to the Officers and Soldiers of the Line belonging to the ſaid State in the late war, will be received at the Office of Comptroller General of ſaid State until the 1ſt September next inclusive, and that the ſubſcribers authorifed by law will ſit as a Board at the ſaid Office on every Monday from ten o'clock in the forenoon until one in the afternoon, to hear and determine all unſatiſied Claims already filed, as well as thoſe which may be filed on or before the ſaid firſt day of September next.

JOHN DONNALDSON, Comt'r.
SAMUEL BRYAN, Regt'r.
PETER BAYNTON, Treas'r.

Department of Accounts of Pennſylvania, May 15, '99. } (16) diw (m.w.ſa tf)

English wrought Nails.

Imported in the ſhips Molly and Diana, from LIVERPOOL.

400 Caſks of Nails,

CONSISTING of 6d, 8d, 10d, 12d, and 20d, flat points ſuitable for the ſouthern market—6d, 8d, 10d, 12d, and 20d, fine drawn ſharps—alſo 2, 3, 4, and 6 clouts—1prigs—tucks—ſnipper nails—ſheathing nails, &c.

FOR SALE BY,

Robert Deniſon, junr.

127 Market-ſtreet

FOR SALE
By SIMON WALKER,

Pine, near Fifth-ſtreet,

WOOLWICH proof Cannon—9 pounders, 61-2 feet long, 20 cwt. each, and 7 feet long, 25 cwt. each, with carriages, &c. completed ditto—6 pounders, 5 1-2 feet long, 15 cwt. each, and 6 feet long, 18 cwt. each, with carriages, &c. complete;
Carronades on ſliding carriages, 12, 18 & 24 pounders, weighing 6 1-2, 8 and 13 cwt. each;
Boarding Pikes and Cutlaſſes;
Engliſh Cannon Powder;
Copper Sheathing Nails Spikes and Bolts;
6, 9 12, 18 and 24lb. round Shot;
6, 9, 18 and 24lb. double-headed do.
9, 18 and 24lb Canniſter Shot.
Alſo—a quantity of beſt Engliſh, Porter, Claret and Port Wine Bottles,
Taunton Ale in caſks of 7 dozen each.

march 8 2awtf

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT application will be made for the iſſue of certificates for twenty two ſhares of the Stock of the Bank of the United States, in lieu of the undermentioned certificates for a like number of ſhares of the ſtock of the ſaid Inſtitution, in favour of James Eckley Colley, of Liverpool, loſt by the capture of the Diana, Richard Kirkbride, maſter, on a voyage from Philadelphia to Liverpool, Great-Britain, viz.

Two certificates, No. 27,000 and 27001 for five ſhares each. Three certificates. No. 27002 and 27004, for four ſhares each.

G. SIMPSON, *Cashier.*

Bank of the United States, May 23, 1799. } tawsm

New-York, May 16, 1799.

GENERAL ORDERS.

THE following diſpoſition of the two regiments of Artilleriſts and Engineers has been adopted. Of the firſt regiment, one battalion commanded by major Rivardi, is aſſigned to the Weſtern army; another battelion commanded by major Freeman, is to garriſon the poſts in Georgia and South Carolina; another battalion commanded by major Ford, is to garriſon the poſts in North Carolina, Virginia and Maryland, and the remaining battallion commanded by major Touſſard, is reſerved for the ſervice of the field.

Of the ſecond regiment, one battalion commanded by major Brooks, is to garriſon the poſts in Delaware, Pennſylvania, New-Jerſey, and New-York; another battalion commanded by major Jackſon, is to garriſon the poſts in Connecticut, Rhode-Iſland, Maſſachuſetts and New-Hampſhire, and the remaining battalion (one not having yet been raiſed) commanded by major Hoops, is reſerved for the ſervice of the field.

The definitive arrangements of officers to the reſpective companies of the battalion of the firſt regiment, annexed to the Weſtern army is referred to Colonel Burbeck.

The following is eſtabliſhed with reſpect to the other battalions.

Of that commanded by major Freeman one company is to be officered by Michael Kalterſein, capt. George Izard, and Jonathan Robeſon, lieutenants; another by Abimael Y. Nicoll captain, William Morris and Howell Cobb lieutenants; another by John M'Clelland captain, Robert Rowan and Staats Rutledge lieutenants; another by Frederick Frye captain, Horatio Dayton and Samuel Fowles lieutenants.

Of that commanded by major Ford, one company is to be officered by Richard S. Blackburn capt, John Saunders and James Triplett lieutenants; another by James Bruff captain, Henry Muhlenburg and James P. Heath lieutenants; another by Ebenezer Maſſey captain, Ebenezer Beebe lieutenant; another by Staats Morris captain, Philip Landai and Samuel T. Dyſon lieutenants.

Of that commanded by major Touſſard, one company is to be officered by George Ingerſoll capt Peter A. Darnſy lieutenant; another by William Littlefield captain, George Roſs lieutenant; another by Joſeph Elliott captain, James Houſe and William Yates lieutenants; another by Nehemiah Freeman captain, Philip Rodrique and Warham Shepherd lieutenants.

The arrangement with reſpect to the ſecond regiment is as follows.

Of the battalion commanded by major Brooks one company is to be officered by James Read, capt Theodore Memminger and Robert W. Oſborne lieutenats; another by Callender Irvine captain, George W. Carmichael and Charles Wollſtoncraft lieutenants; another by James Still captain, Philip Stewart and Patrick C. Harris lieutenants; another by Walter L. Cochran captain, William L. Cooper and Robert Heaton, jun. lieutenants.

Of that commanded by major Jackſon one company is to be officered by Decius Wadſworth capt. Nathaniel Leonard and Francis Gibſon lieutenants; another by John Henry captain, John W. Livingſton and T. Knight lieutenants; another by Lemuel Gates captan, George W. Duncan and George Waterhouſe lieutenants; another by Amos Stoddard captain, William Steele and Leonard Williams lieutenants.

Of that commanded by major Touſſard, one company is to be officered by William M'Rhea captain James White and John Fergus, jun. lieutenants; another by Samuel Eddins captain, Alexander D. Pope and John Leybourn lieutenants; another by Francis H. Huger captain, William Deveaux and James B. Many lieutenants; another by John Biſhop captain, John Hancock and David Evans, jun. lieutenants.

It is expected that the officers not at preſent with their companies, and not on the recruiting ſervice, or on ſome other ſervice, by the ſpecial command of major general Hamilton, will immediately join them; and the companies not already at the above mentioned deſtinations, are to be held in readineſs to proceed to them, for which further orders will ſhortly be given.

A true Extract,

PHILIP CHURCH,
Aid-de-Camp.

may25

FOR SALE,

At the two mile ſtone, on the Weſſahickon, or Ridge Road,

A Place containing about eighty acres, in parts or the whole together, as may ſuit the purchaſer. There is on the premiſes a houſe 47 1-2 feet front, by 43 1-2 deep, a ſcullery, milk houſe, pump, ice houſe, and farm houſe, a large barn, 60 feet by 32, with ſtalls for 25 horſes and cows, a carriage houſe, and a pump of good water in the barn yard, and a ſecond milk houſe ſupplied by a ſpring. The grounds are well manured, and laid out in good ſtile, with an abundance of ornamental, and fruit trees, the ſituation healthy and high, commanding a view of the city and Delaware. There is alſo a ſmall diſtance from the manſion houſe a farm houſe in good repair, with kitchen, ſtable, &c. and a pump of good water: For terms apply to

SAMUEL MEREDITH.
No. 171, Cheſnut Street.

March 12.

To be Rented,

OR, ſhould an eligible offer be made, it will be ſold, free of any incumbrances, and immediate poſſeſſion give, a ſmall neat three ſtory Brick DWELLING, almoſt new, ſituated to the weſtward of Ninth ſtreet, conſiſting of a kitchen, two parlours, the chambers, and a well plaiſtered garrat, alſo an excellent ſtore room, with a leaden ciſtern for holding cool water, which it receives through pipes from a pump near the door, of the beſt water,—the rooms are all completely papered and hung with bells, marble chimnies and hearth are in three of the rooms—there is likewiſe a piazza to the ſouth front, which renders the back parlour extremely cool and agreeable in the warm ſeaſon. The ſituation is pleaſant and perfectly healthy, and well calculated for a family that do not reſide in the country during the ſummer, as being both pleaſant as well as convenient to the city for buſineſs.—For particulars apply at the houſe, the ſouth eaſt corner of Cheſnut and Eleventh ſtreets.

may 21 tuth ſatt

Copper Warehouſe,

Late ALEXANDER BISLAND, & Co.
No. 201, MARKET-STREET,

ROBERT KID,

HAVING purchaſed the Stock of the above firm, Solicits the patronage of the public and their friends; where they may depend on being ſerved on the very beſt terms with the following goods:

—*viz*—

A general aſſortment of Copper Bottoms and Sheets, for Cooper Smiths and other purpoſes,
Pig and Bar Lead,
Block Tin and Crowley Steel,
Tin in Boxes, and Braſs Kettles in Neſts,
With a large and general aſſortment of Ironmongery.

feb. 15 diw w&ſtf

WISHES

TO ENGAGE,

In a Wholeſale, or Retail Dry Good Store,

A YOUNG MAN

Of indiſputable character—has lately been in the habit of attending a Dry Good Store.

A line directed to C. W. at the Office of this Gazette will be promptly attended to.

may 21 tu.&fr.tf

TERMS

Of Richard Folwell, in Philadelphia,

FOR SUBSCRIBING TO THE

JOURNALS OF CONGRESS,

FROM THE COMMENCEMENT

Of the American War, in 1774, to the preſent time,

INCLUDING

The Reports of Heads of Departments, of Committees, and other Official and Private Papers of that Body, now firſt permitted to be made public.

TERMS.

THE work will be printed on a fine paper, and a new neat type, in large octavo.

Each volume will contain above 500 pages, neatly bound and lettered.

Uniformity in ſize, paper, and binding, will be obſerved throughout the work; ſo that, while the ſubſcribers become poſſeſſed of a valuable record, an ornament may be added to their libraries.

The price to ſubſcribers will be 2 dolls. 75 cts. per volume, in boards, and 3 dolls. whole bound; but, as the publiſher does not intend to print many more than the number ſubſcribed for, a conſiderable riſe on the price may be expected to non-ſubſcribers.

Each volume will contain about one third leſs of letter-preſs than the original edition; but, as the publiſher is not yet enabled to determine the extent of the Private Journals, which he may be allowed to make public, he cannot aſcertain the number of volumes which will compriſe the work.

☞ *Payments to be made on delivery of each volume.*

Subſcribers will have it at their option, either to ſubſcribe for the whole of the Journals, up to the preſent time, or to thoſe only of the Old Congreſs prior to the organization of the Federal Government.

IN all countries, the proceedings in the commencement of their governments, are loſt in darkneſs and obſcurity, owing to a careleſsneſs, in the ſucceeding generation, to preſerve the public records, and the attention of the nation, in theſe rude ages, being called off from their domeſtic concerns, to engage in wars and conqueſt. Of what infinite value would the laws of Alfred be, had they been tranſmitted to our days? Time, that deſtroys every thing, enhances the value of well authenticated public records, and renders them almoſt inеſtimable. It is hoped, that Americans will, therefore, chearfully contribute their aſſiſtance in tranſmitting to poſterity the labours of their anceſtors—founders of the Columbian nation.

*** The work will certainly be advanced with expedition and promptitude. The following will ſhow the ſupport it has already acquired:

"*Philadelphia, June* 15, 1798.

"To the Honorable the Senate and Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States.

"The MEMORIAL of the Subſcribers, Citizens, &c. of Philadelphia,

"*Reſpectfully ſheweth,*

"That having, in our reſpective avocations, frequent occaſions to recur to the Journals of Congreſs, we experience inconvenience by the ſcarcity of them: That we underſtand that Richard Folwell, printer, of Philadelphia, has had it in contemplation to print that public record; and that he hath obtained partial countenance from many individuals; but that he has delayed proſecuting the work, in expectation of encouragement from government, that may adequately indemnify him. We, therefore, reſpectfully ſolicit, as the publication is neceſſary to be diſſeminated among public bodies that Congreſs will, in their wiſdom, render him ſuch additional encouragement, to that which he has obtained from private individuals, as to enable him to proceed with the work, ſo that your Memorialiſts may be enabled to purchaſe copies of that record for themſelves.

Thomas M'Kean, John D. Coxe, Charles Heatly, Samſom Levy, T. Roſs, Wm. Moore Smith, John Read jun. William Tilghman, John F. Miſflin, Joſeph B. M'Kean, John Bickly, W. Sergeant, John Thompſon, Jared Ingerſoll, Jaſper Moylan, William Rawle, J. Thomas, William Levis, James Gibſon, M. Keppele, Moſes Levy, Robert Porter, George Davis, John Hallowell, James Oldden, Walter Franklin, James Milnor, John C. Wells John L. Leib, Alexander J. Dallas, Joſeph Reed, Thomas Willing, Samuel M'Fox, John Nixon, Robert Waln Robert H. Dunkin John Ewing, Jun. Edward Pennington, Hilary Baker, William Nichols, William Young, Robert Campbell Septimus, Claypoole James Cruikſhank, Mathew Carey, Henry K. Helmuth, Peter De Haven, John Dunlap, Edward Shoemaker John R. Smith, William Hall, David C. Claypoole, Thomas Armſtrong, Samuel H. Smith, John Fenno.

"True copy from the original Memorial, preſented to the Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States, on Monday, the 18th of June 1798:

"WILLIAM LAMBERT, for
"JONATHAN W. CONDY, CLERK."

"RESOLVED by the Senate and Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States of America in Congreſs aſſembled, That the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the Houſe of Repreſentatives, be authoriſed and directed, to ſubſcribe, on ſuch terms as they may deem eligible, for the uſe of the Senate and Houſe of Repreſentatives, for four hundred Copies of the Journals of Congreſs, which are propoſed to be publiſhed by Richard Folwell and ſuch number of copies of deficient volumes of the ſets now in print, as may be neceſſary to complete the ſame.

JONATHAN DAYTON,
Speaker of the Houſe of Repreſentatives.
JAMES ROSS,
President of the Senate pro tempore.

Approved, March 2d, 1799.
JOHN ADAMS,
President of the United States.

may 29. 1awtf

Samuel Miles, jun'r.

Of the city of Philadelphia, merchant, having aſſigned over all his effects, real, perſonal and mixed, to the ſubſcribers, for the benefit of ſuch of his creditors as may ſubſcribe to the ſaid aſſignment on or before the firſt of Auguſt next.

Notice is hereby given,

To all perſons indebted to the ſaid eſtate, that they are requeſted to make immediate payment to either of the aſſignees, or to the ſaid Samuel Miles, who is authoriſed to receive the ſame; in failure whereof legal ſteps will be taken for the recovery of ſuch debts, as are not diſcharged accordingly.

GEORGE ASTON,
CORNELIS COMEGYS, } Aſſignees
JOHN ALLEN, }

14.feb 3awtf

Valuable Property for Sale,

In Cheſnut, near Sixth ſtreet, directly oppoſit CONGRESS HALL,

A LOT of ground, about 21 feet front in Cheſnut ſtreet and 73 feet in depth, whereon is a good frame houſe, now in the tenure of Samuel Benge, ſubject to a ground rent of 20s. per annum.

The advantageous ſituation of this property requires no comments, for it muſt be known, there are few in this city to equal it, an unexceptionable title will be made to the purchaſer. Apply to

JAMES GIRVAN,

no. 198, Cheſnut ſtreet, next door to the premiſes.

march 5 tu.th ſa.tf

CITY BRIDGE.

THE Preſident and Directors of the Company incorporated for the purpoſe of erecting a Permanent Bridge over the River Schuylkill, at or near the City of Philadelphia, having contracted with the Select and Common Councils of the ſaid City for a ſite for ſuch Bridge at the weſt end of High ſtreet, hereby give NOTICE—That a premium of Two Hundred Dollars will be paid by the ſaid Directors for the moſt approved plan of a Bridge for the ſaid ſite, the calculation of which ſhall be conſiſtent with the following general limitations.

The material to be of wood, iron or ſtone, or of theſe articles combined.

The conſtruction to be ſuitable to the character of the river which is as follows—ſubject to exceſſive freſhes, occaſionally ſtopping above or below the ſaid High-ſtreet, in the firſt inſtance breaking looſe and bringing down large maſſes of ice, timber, &c. in the latter inſtance cauſing a back water ſwell which has equalled to 19 feet above low water level, and at that height covering a tract of ground near 5 miles in length, by a very conſiderable width—Therefore,

As few piers as can be conſiſtent with ſafety, or without a pier if equally ſafe and permanent.

The opening between the abutments to be not more than 400 feet, nor leſs than 300 feet.

The plans to be accompanied with elevations—explanatory deſcriptions and eſtimates—the eſtimates to ſpecify the quantity of materials of each kind, the ſeparate and collective coſt thereof when wrought and laid or fixed, the quantity of filling in or dry arches with the backing ſuperſtructure and cauſeways complete.

Offerings conſiſtent with the foregoing will be received at any time previous to the firſt day of Auguſt next.—

A ſection of the river Schuylkill with the adjacent grounds on each ſide at the weſt end of High-ſtreet will be ſhewn to thoſe perſons who may be deſirous of exhibiting plans and eſtimates.

JOHN DORSEY; ſec'ry, pro tem.

Philadelphia, May 15, 1799.

The printers of news-papers throughout the United States are requeſted to inſert the above a few times. tuths 1ſtA

G. SHAW,

Reſpectfully informs the public, he has received from

ROBERT JOHNSTON,

Apothecary, No. 20, Green ſtreet, Soho, London, a freſh and very conſiderable ſupply of his highly eſteemed Medicine.

AWARE of the depredations made on every public medicine of eſtabliſhed repute and extenſive ſale, R. Johnſton, obtained the King of England's Patent for his invention, not "*to recommend*" but "*to diſtinguiſh*," Whitehead's Eſſence of Muſtard from

SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

"Five years have now elapſed ſince Mr. Johnſton firſt made known to the world this very extraordinary medicine; during this ſhort period, its efficacy has been ſo clearly demonſtrated that its ſale has far exceeded any former example; comparitively there are few families in England or the United States which have not either heard of or experienced its beneficial effects and with heartfelt ſatisfaction he had the happineſs to declare Whitehead's Eſſence of Muſtard has cured more perſons afflicted with *Rheumatisms, Gout, Lumbago, Palsy, Complaints of the Stomach and other Painful Maladies.*

Than all the Medicines ever before made public, indeed, the inſtances, of its efficacy and letters of acknowledgement from "the moſt reſpectable characters" are ſo numerous that a large volume could not poſſibly contain them, it has alſo obtained the approbation of the moſt eminent men of the faculty and is honoured by the uſe and recommendation of the firſt families in England, Ireland and America.

A COUNTERFEIT.

R. JOHNSTON has reaſon to believe a large quantity under the name of "*Improved Eſſence of Muſtard,*" as well as many other has been ſhipped for America, and conſiders it his duty to prevent *impoſition* and *diſappointment.*

He therefore requeſts the afflicted to be particular in the purchaſe of his bottles, boxes, labels, and bill of directions which are cloſely copied, and words "by royal authority," artfully ſubſtituted for the words "by the king's patent" which may elude common obſervation.

The Genuine is diſtinguiſhed by the ſignature of R. Johnſton, in his own hand writing on each label, and as an additional ſecurity is further ſigned on the outſide wrapper by his only agent for the United States, G. SHAW, No. 129 Cheſnut ſtreet, Philadelphia, by whom it is ſold wholeſale and retail, in pills and in a fluid ſtate at one dollar each, box or bottle

FOR CHILBLAINS, SPRAINS AND BRUISES,

It is a certain and effectual remedy, ſeldom requiring more than three or four applications.

To the candid and liberal of the FACULTY, R. Johnſton reſpectfully ſubmits the following obſervations. The Fluid Eſſence of Muſtard, is an embrocation worthy their particular attention, it differs in its nature from all others, and is out of the beaten tract of general practice—It is an active ſtimulant, eaſily controuled, may be either increaſed or diminiſhed in its ſtrength by the different methods of uſe, it is both elegant and convenient and is frequently found in the extemporaneous preſcriptions of their bretheren in England.

The above Genuine Medicine, as well as many others of the firſt celibrity may be had by appointment of G. Shaw, of Mr. G. Bailey, Wilmington, Dr. Barrill, Maiden Lane, New York, Meſſrs. Bailey and Walker, Charleſton, William Black, Salem, (N. J.) Charles Hunitch, Lancaſter, A. C. Jorden, Norfolk, John Roberts, do. David Keen, Sweet Springs, Virginia, R. Lee, Baltimore, I. & J. Mantz, Fredericktown, Maryland, G. W. Mancius, Albany, Dr. Vanſolingen, New-York, Meſſrs. Tilford & Son, do. Meſſrs. Roſs & Douglas, Pittſburg, John Webſter, Wilmington, James Wilſon, do. Richard Winter & Co. Savannah, and in every principal town in the United States.

N.B. The public are deſired to enquire for Whitehead's Eſſence of Muſtard, all others being a baſe and ſpurious imitation.

GEO. SHAW.

129, Cheſnut ſtreet, where Venders may be ſupplied.

"*Caution againſt Counterfeits.*"

Agents are appointed by G. Shaw in every principal town of the United States, and there is no certainty of purchaſing the Genuine Eſſence of Muſtard in any part of America, unleſs it is ſigned on the outſide wrapper by G. Shaw, No. 129, Cheſnut ſtreet, Philadelphia, where ſhopkeepers are ſupplied and a liberal diſcount allowed them.

May 13

ALL PERSONS,

INDEBTED to the Eſtate of ABRAHAM DICKS, Eſq. late Sheriff of the County of Delaware, are requeſted to make immediate payment, and all thoſe who have demands againſt ſaid Eſtate to authenticate and preſent them for ſettlement. Alſo, all thoſe who have depoſited writings with ſaid deceaſed to apply for them to

WILLIAM PENNOCK. Adm'r.

Springfield, Delaware county, 1ſt mo. 8th, 1799. } jan. 8 tawtf

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

March 11th, 1799.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

Purſuant to the act of Congreſs paſſed on the 1ſt day of June, one thouſand, ſeven hundred and ninety ſix, entitled "an act regulating the grants of land appropriated for military ſervices, and for the ſociety of United Brethren for propagating the goſpel among the Heathen;" and the act ſupplementary to the ſaid recited act paſſed on the ſecond day of March, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety nine——*to wit:*

I.

THAT the tract of Land herein after deſcribed, namely, "beginning at the North Weſt corner of the ſeven ranges of townſhips, and running thence fifty miles due ſouth, along the weſtern boundary of the ſaid ranges;—thence due Weſt to the Main Branch of the Scioto river; thence up the Main Branch of the ſaid river to the place where the Indian boundary line croſſes the ſame;—thence along the ſaid boundary line to the Tuſcaroras branch of the Muſkingum river at the croſſing place above Fort Lawrence; thence *down* the ſaid river, to the point where a line run due weſt from the place of beginning, will interſect the ſaid river; thence along the line ſo run to the place of beginning;" has been divided into townſhips of five miles ſquare, and fractional parts of townſhips; and that plats and ſurveys of the ſaid townſhips and fractional parts of townſhips are depoſited in the offices of the Regiſter of the Treaſury and Surveyor General, for the inſpection of all perſons concerned.

II.

The holders of ſuch warrants as have been or ſhall be granted for military ſervices performed during the late war, are required to preſent the ſame to the Regiſter of the Treaſury, at ſome time prior to the twelfth day of February in the year, one thouſand eight hundred, for the purpoſe of being regiſtered; No regiſtry will however be made of any leſs quantity than a quarter townſhip, or four thouſand acres.

III.

The priority of location of the warrants which may be preſented and regiſtered in manner aforeſaid, prior to the 12th day of February in the year one thouſand eight hundred, will immediately after the ſaid day, be determined by lot, in the mode dreſcribed by the act firſt recited.

IV.

The holders of regiſtered warrants, ſhall on Monday the 17th day of February, in the year 1800, in the order of which the priority of location ſhall be determined by lot as aforeſaid, perſonally, or by their agents, deſignate in writing at the office of the Regiſter of the Treaſury, the particular quarter townſhips elected by them reſpectively, and ſuch of the ſaid holders as ſhall not deſignate their locations on the ſaid day, ſhall be poſtponed in locating ſuch warrants to all other holders of regiſtered warrants.

V.

The holders of warrants for military ſervices ſufficient to cover one or more quarter townſhips or tracts of four thouſand acres each; ſhall, at any time after Monday the 17th day of February, 1800 and prior to the firſt day of January, 1802, be allowed to regiſter the ſaid warrants in manner aforeſaid, and forthwith to make locations therefor on any tract or tracts of land not before located.

VI.

All warrants or claims for lands on account of military ſervices, which ſhall not be regiſtered and located before the firſt day of January, 1802, are by the ſupplementary act of Congreſs herein before recited, paſſed on the ſecond day of March, 1799, declared to be forever barred.

Given under my hand at Philadelphia, the day and year above mentioned.

OLIVER WOLCOTT.
Sec. of the Treaſury.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

JUNE 27, 1798.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by virtue of an act, paſſed during the preſent ſeſſion of Congreſs, ſo much of the act entituled "An Act making further proviſion for the ſupport of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt"—paſſed the third day of March, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-five, as bars from ſettlement or allowance, Certificates, commonly called Loan Office and final ſettlement Certificates, and Indents of Intereſts, is ſuſpended until the twelfth day of June, which will be in the year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety nine.

That on the liquidation and ſettlement of the ſaid Certificates, and Indents of Intereſt, at the Treaſury, the Creditors will be entitled to receive Certificates of funded Three Per Cent. Stock equal to the amount of the ſaid Indents, and the arrearages of intereſt due on their ſaid Certificates, prior to the firſt day of January one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety one.

That the principal ſums of the ſaid Loan Office and final ſettlement Certificates, with the intereſt thereon, ſince the firſt day of January, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety one, will be diſcharged after liquidation at the Treaſury, by the payment of intereſt and reimburſement of principal, equal to the ſums which would have been payable thereon, if the ſaid Certificates had been ſubſcribed, purſuant to the Acts making proviſion for the debts of the United States, contracted during the late war, and by the payment of other ſums, equal to the market value of the remaining Stock, which would have been created by ſuch ſubſcriptions as aforeſaid, which market value will be determined by the Comptroller of the Treaſury.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treaſury.

june 28 1awtf

Valuable Property for Sale.

FOR SALE,

THAT well known Eſtate, called SHREWSBURY FARM, formerly the reſidence of General John Cadwaladar, ſituate on Saſſafras River, in Kent county, Maryland—containing about 1900 acres of prime LAND, upwards of 500 of which are in woods. The Buildings are all excellent, and conſiſt of a handſome Dwelling Houſe, two large Barns with Cow houſes, Stables for fifty horſes, a ſpacious treading floor under cover, a granary, two Overſeer's houſes, two ranges of two ſtory buildings for Negroes (one of them new and of brick), Corn houſes a Smoak houſe, &c. &c.—The whole Eſtate being nearly ſurrounded by water, it requires but little fencing, and has a good Shad and Herring fiſhery. It is conveniently ſituated for both the Philadelphia and Baltimore markets, with two landings on a navigable river but a ſhort ſail from Baltimore. There is a large Peach, and two large Apple Orchards on the premiſes; alſo, a variety of excellent fruits of different kinds. The ſoil is moſtly a rich loom.—The whole will be ſold together or divided into ſmaller farms (for which the buildings are conveniently ſituated) as may ſuit the purchaſer. The Stock on ſaid Farm, conſiſting of Horſes, Cattle, Sheep &c. will alſo be diſpoſed of.—For further particulars apply to GEORGE HASTINGS on the premiſes, or to the ſubſcriber, in Philadelphia.

ARCHIBALD M'CALL, JUN.

December 12. m.tf.

PRINTED BY *J. W. FENNO.*